



Reimagine tomorrow

with TEVIMBRA + chemotherapy


TEVIMBRA[®]
(tislelizumab-jsgr)
Injection, for intravenous use 10 mg/mL

In a clinical trial, people with unresectable or metastatic PD-L1+ ESCC lived longer with TEVIMBRA + chemotherapy than with chemotherapy alone*

- 17-month median overall survival† for the 231 people taking TEVIMBRA + chemotherapy (vs 10 months for the 250 people taking chemotherapy alone)

*Chemotherapy was given with placebo, which is an inactive treatment used to compare with active treatments.

†Median overall survival is the length of time in a clinical trial from when treatment starts to when half of those enrolled in a treatment combination are still alive.

PD-L1, programmed cell death ligand 1; ESCC, esophageal squamous cell carcinoma.

What is TEVIMBRA?

TEVIMBRA[®] (tislelizumab-jsgr) is a prescription medicine used to treat adults with:

- cancer of the tube that connects your throat to your stomach (esophageal cancer).
 - TEVIMBRA may be used in combination with platinum-containing chemotherapy as your first treatment when your esophageal cancer:
 - ♦ is a type called squamous cell carcinoma, **and**
 - ♦ cannot be removed with surgery or has spread to other parts of the body (metastatic), **and**
 - ♦ your tumor tests positive for “PD-L1.”

It is not known if TEVIMBRA is safe and effective in children.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

TEVIMBRA works with your immune system. It can cause your immune system to attack normal organs and tissues in any area of your body and can affect the way they work. These problems can sometimes become severe or life-threatening and can lead to death. You can have more than one of these problems at the same time. These problems may happen anytime during treatment or even after your treatment has ended.

Please see additional [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.



GET STARTED



Actor portrayal.

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The information provided is meant for informational purposes only. It is not meant to replace your physician's medical advice.

Please see [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

What is unresectable or metastatic ESCC?

ESCC stands for esophageal squamous cell carcinoma. It's a cancer that affects the esophagus, the tube connecting the throat and stomach.

ESCC starts when cells in the lining of the upper and middle parts of the esophagus become cancerous and begin to grow and spread.

Having unresectable ESCC means the cancer cannot be safely removed with surgery. Having metastatic ESCC means that the cancer has spread to other parts of the body.

If you've been diagnosed with ESCC, you're not alone.

In 2024, the National Cancer Institute estimated that about 22,000 people were diagnosed with esophageal cancer. Approximately 1 in 3 of those cases were ESCC.

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(tislelizumab-jsgr)
Injection, for intravenous use 10 mg/mL



Actor portrayal.

Please see [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

TEVIMBRA is a type of infusion treatment known as immunotherapy

What is an infusion?

TEVIMBRA is given by intravenous (or IV) infusion, which is a way to deliver medicine slowly into your bloodstream through a vein. Your infusions may be given at your healthcare provider's office, an infusion center, or another healthcare location.



What is immunotherapy?

Immunotherapy is a type of treatment designed to work with your own immune system to find and destroy cancer cells. Immunotherapy is different from chemotherapy; it helps boost your immune cells, such as T cells,* to attack growing cancer cells. They are often used together to give your body the extra help it may need.



*T cells, or T lymphocytes, are a type of white blood cell.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

What signs and symptoms of immune system problems can happen with TEVIMBRA?

Contact your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening symptoms including:

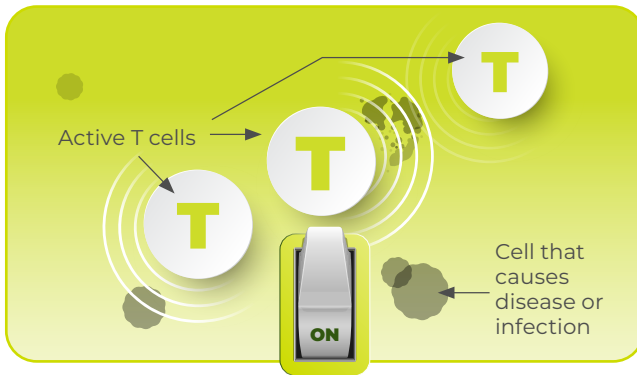
- Lung problems: New or worsening cough, shortness of breath, and chest pain.

Please see additional [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

TEVIMBRA is designed to engage your immune system to fight cancer

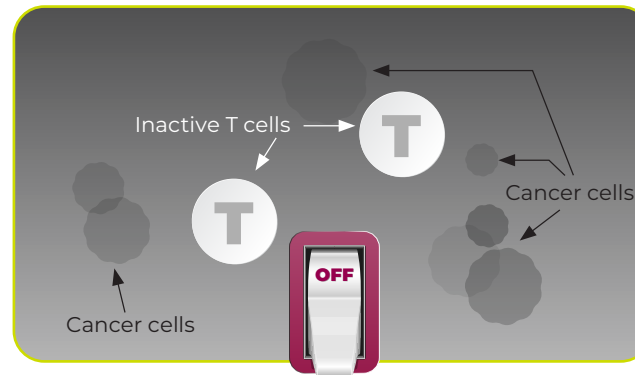
In a healthy immune system, T cells are “switched on.”

Active T cells travel through your body, looking for and destroying disease and infection.



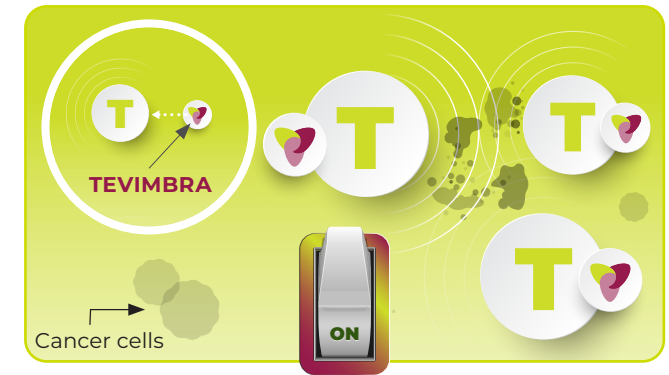
In the immune system of someone with cancer, many T cells are “switched off.”

Cancer can “flip a switch” to turn off T cells, preventing them from finding and killing the cancer cells.



In the immune system of someone receiving TEVIMBRA treatment, T cells are “switched back on” to fight cancer.

TEVIMBRA attaches to T cells, keeping the switch on, so T cells can find and eliminate cancer cells.



What is PD-L1?

PD-L1 (or programmed death ligand 1) is a protein found on some cancer cells. TEVIMBRA has been shown to work in people who tested positive for the PD-L1 biomarker. If you are receiving TEVIMBRA, your doctor has likely found that certain cells in your tumor test positive for PD-L1.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

What signs and symptoms of immune system problems can happen with TEVIMBRA? (cont'd)

- Intestinal problems: Diarrhea or more bowel movements than usual; stools that are black, tarry, sticky, or have blood or mucus; and severe stomach-area pain or tenderness.

Please see additional [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

In unresectable or metastatic ESCC, **TEVIMBRA + chemotherapy may help people live longer than chemotherapy alone***

TEVIMBRA + chemotherapy was studied in 649 people with ESCC, 481 of whom had a PD-L1 score of 1% or more. People included in the trial:

- had cancer that had spread
- could not have their cancer removed with surgery
- had not received treatment for this stage of their cancer

With TEVIMBRA + chemotherapy, people typically lived longer than with chemotherapy alone



*Chemotherapy was given with placebo, which is an inactive treatment used to compare with active treatments.

This data is based on median overall survival, which is the length of time in a clinical trial from when treatment starts to when half of those enrolled in a treatment combination are still alive.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

What signs and symptoms of immune system problems can happen with TEVIMBRA? (cont'd)

- Liver problems: Yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes; severe nausea or vomiting; pain on the right side of your stomach area; dark urine; and bleeding or bruising more easily than normal.

Please see additional [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

With TEVIMBRA + chemotherapy, more people saw their tumors shrink than with chemotherapy alone*

In the same clinical trial:



*Chemotherapy was given with placebo, which is an inactive treatment used to compare with active treatments.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

What signs and symptoms of immune system problems can happen with TEVIMBRA? (cont'd)

- Hormone gland problems: Headaches that will not go away or unusual headaches; eye sensitivity to light; eye problems; rapid heartbeat; increased sweating; extreme tiredness; weight gain or weight loss; feeling more hungry or thirsty than usual; urinating more often than usual; hair loss; feeling cold; constipation; voice gets deeper; dizziness or fainting; and changes in mood or behavior, such as decreased sex drive, irritability, or forgetfulness.

Please see additional [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

Preparing for your first appointment

Taking a few steps before your infusion appointment can help you feel ready to begin treatment.

Confirm

Confirm your appointment with your healthcare provider. Be sure to notify your healthcare provider if you have any medical conditions or if you are pregnant or breastfeeding. Also tell your doctor about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

Ask

Here are some questions you may want to ask your healthcare provider.

Before the appointment:

- Are there any foods or drinks I should avoid?
- Should I take my medications in the morning before treatment?
- What will my treatment schedule look like?

At the appointment:

- How long does the infusion take?
- Can a friend or family member stay with me?

After the appointment:

- What are common side effects of the treatment? Who should I call if I have side effects?
- Will I be able to drive myself to future appointments?

Plan

Make sure to arrive early for your first appointment to allow time for paperwork. For your infusion, be sure to wear comfortable clothes, including a button-down shirt with sleeves you can roll up past your elbow.



For caregivers: You can help your loved one prepare for infusion by:

- **Offering to provide or schedule transportation** to and from the infusion center
- **Coordinating with the healthcare team** to keep up to date with the treatment schedule
- **Keeping a notebook** for recording information about treatment, symptoms, and medications

Please see [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

What to bring to your infusion appointment

Being prepared and comfortable during your infusion appointment is important. Here is a list of items that may help you:

- ✓ An insurance card and any necessary paperwork, such as a list of current medications
- ✓ A sweater, in case the infusion center is chilly
- ✓ A pillow and blanket
- ✓ A book or tablet to help pass the time
- ✓ Headphones or earplugs
- ✓ Healthy snacks or drinks

Be sure to ask your healthcare team if you have any questions about what items you are allowed to bring with you.

Please see [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.



Actor portrayal.

What to expect during your infusions with TEVIMBRA

Your first TEVIMBRA infusion

- **When you arrive, a healthcare provider will get you settled** in the infusion area, set up your IV line, and start your treatment
- **Your infusion will last about 60-120 minutes depending on the dose your doctor chose for you.** The healthcare provider will continue to check on you to make sure you're feeling okay and are still comfortable. During this time you can read a book, listen to music or a podcast, or simply relax
- **Make sure to tell your healthcare provider if you become uncomfortable** during the infusion so they can offer help and monitor your needs. If you develop certain side effects, your doctor may pause, delay, or stop your treatment
- **When your first infusion ends, you may need to stay in the office** an extra 30 minutes for observation with your healthcare team. This helps ensure that you are tolerating the treatment well

Be sure to talk to your doctor about your personalized treatment schedule. If receiving TEVIMBRA with chemotherapy, TEVIMBRA is given first. Your total visit time will include your chemotherapy infusion.

Your next TEVIMBRA infusions

- **Your future infusions will be similar to your first** and will follow a regular 2, 3, 4 or 6-week schedule, depending on the dose you're receiving. This schedule will be determined by your doctor
- **You will continue TEVIMBRA as long as it is working** and your body is handling it well
- **Later infusions may take less time**—as short as 30 minutes for some people
- **If you miss an appointment,** call your healthcare provider right away to reschedule



For caregivers: Support and companionship go a long way during the infusion sessions. If your schedule allows, consider keeping your loved one company while they receive their infusion.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

What signs and symptoms of immune system problems can happen with TEVIMBRA? (cont'd)

- Kidney problems: Decrease in your amount of urine, blood in your urine, swelling in your ankles, and loss of appetite.

Please see additional [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

It's important to watch for side effects

You know your body best.

Paying attention to how you feel helps your healthcare team recognize and manage side effects early.

Be sure to:

- Communicate any side effects to your healthcare provider
- Write down any side effects you feel in a treatment journal
- Talk to your friends and family about side effects
- Reach out to support groups



For caregivers: Your well-being matters too. You may find it helpful to:

- Join a caregiver support group for guidance and to share your experiences
- Delegate tasks when feeling overwhelmed
- Prioritize healthy habits (eg, balanced diet, hydration, sleep, attending your own appointments)
- Enjoy activities and time with people you love

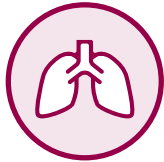
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Actor portrayals.

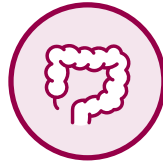
Possible side effects that may occur

Call your doctor if you experience any of the following:



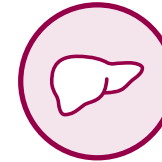
Lung problems

- New or worsening cough
- Shortness of breath
- Chest pain



Intestinal problems

- Diarrhea (loose stools) or more bowel movements than usual
- Stools that are black, tarry, sticky, or have blood or mucus
- Severe stomach-area (abdomen) pain or tenderness



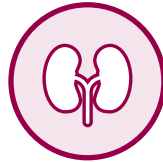
Liver problems

- Yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes
- Severe nausea or vomiting
- Pain on the right side of your stomach area (abdomen)
- Dark urine (tea colored)
- Bleeding or bruising more easily than normal



Hormone gland problems

- Headaches that will not go away or unusual headaches
- Eye sensitivity to light
- Eye problems
- Rapid heartbeat
- Increased sweating
- Extreme tiredness
- Weight gain or weight loss
- Feeling more hungry or thirsty than usual
- Urinating more often than usual
- Hair loss
- Feeling cold
- Constipation
- Your voice gets deeper
- Dizziness or fainting
- Changes in mood or behavior, such as decreased sex drive, irritability, or forgetfulness



Kidney problems

- Decrease in your amount of urine
- Blood in your urine
- Swelling in your ankles
- Loss of appetite



Skin problems

- Rash
- Itching
- Skin blistering or peeling
- Painful sores or ulcers in your mouth or in your nose, throat, or genital area
- Fever or flu-like symptoms
- Swollen lymph nodes



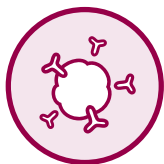
For caregivers: You can help observe and take note of any side effects your loved one may be experiencing. Encourage them to be honest about their symptoms. Proactively talk with your loved one's healthcare team about any potential side effects.

Please see [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

Continued on next page →

Possible side effects that may occur (cont'd)

Call your doctor if you experience any of the following:



Immune system problems in other organs

- Chest pain, irregular heartbeat, shortness of breath, swelling of ankles
- Confusion, sleepiness, memory problems, changes in mood or behavior, stiff neck, balance problems, tingling or numbness of the arms or legs
- Double vision, blurry vision, sensitivity to light, eye pain, changes in eyesight
- Persistent or severe muscle pain or weakness, muscle cramps
- Low red blood cells, bruising



Reactions during or shortly after the infusion that can sometimes be severe or life-threatening

- Chills or shaking
- Itching or rash
- Flushing
- Shortness of breath or wheezing
- Dizziness
- Feeling like passing out
- Fever
- Back or neck pain

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

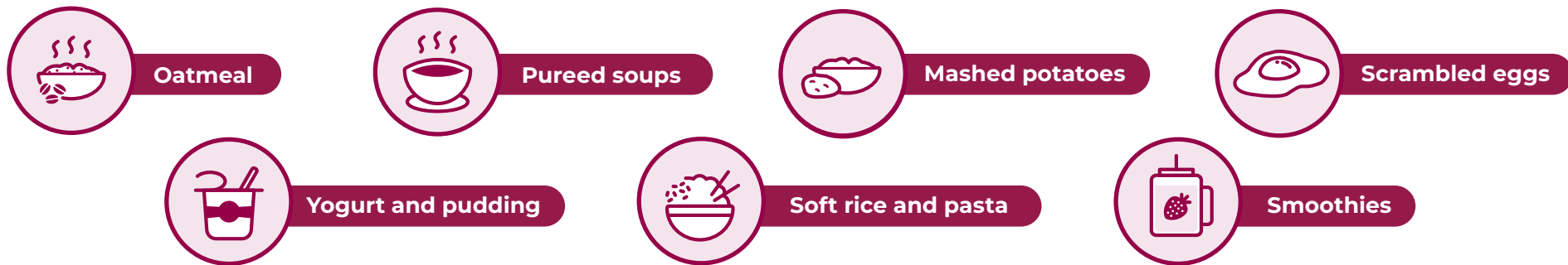
What signs and symptoms of immune system problems can happen with TEVIMBRA? (cont'd)

- Skin problems: Rash; itching; skin blistering or peeling; painful sores or ulcers in your mouth or nose, throat, or genital area; fever or flu-like symptoms; and swollen lymph nodes.

Please see additional [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

Managing your diet during treatment

ESCC often impacts your appetite, digestion, or ability to swallow. Your care team may suggest eating smaller, more frequent meals and choosing high-protein, easy-to-digest foods, such as:



For caregivers: Ask your loved one's healthcare team or dietitian for meal ideas that fit their specific dietary needs.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

What signs and symptoms of immune system problems can happen with TEVIMBRA? (cont'd)

Problems can also happen in other organs and tissues. These are not all of the signs and symptoms of immune system problems that can happen with TEVIMBRA. Contact your healthcare provider right away if you have any new or worsening signs or symptoms which may include chest pain, irregular heartbeat, shortness of breath, swelling of ankles; confusion, sleepiness, memory problems, changes in mood or behavior, stiff neck, balance problems, tingling or numbness of the arms or legs; double vision, blurry vision, sensitivity to light, eye pain, changes in eyesight; persistent or severe muscle pain or weakness, muscle cramps; low red blood cells, bruising.

Please see additional [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

Cancer community resources



You and your caregivers are not alone. Organizations are here to help.

Visit the websites below for information about transportation, education, counseling services, and more:



ECAN's mission is to save lives by sounding the alarm that reflux disease can cause cancer, promoting early detection, supporting increased esophageal cancer research, and providing trustworthy education and compassionate support to patients and families.

ecan.org



CancerCare is the leading national organization providing free professional support services and information to help manage the emotional, practical, and financial challenges of cancer. Resources include counseling, educational workshops, and copayment assistance provided by social workers and world-leading cancer experts.

cancercares.org
800-813-4673



CSC is a global nonprofit network with 190 locations, including CSC and Gilda's Club centers as well as healthcare partnerships. These locations, along with a toll-free helpline, digital services, and award-winning education materials, provide \$50 million in free support services to patients and families each year.

cancersupportcommunity.org
272-867-5309



The American Cancer Society (ACS) is a nationwide, community-based volunteer health organization that aims to eliminate cancer as a major health problem. ACS provides information and support, such as transportation and lodging, to people in every community who have been touched by cancer.

cancer.org
800-227-2345



BeOne Medicines does not control or endorse third-party organizations. As such, BeOne Medicines makes no representation as to the accuracy or any other aspect of the information supplied by these organizations or contained on these websites.

Please see [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

The myBeOne Support program is here for you throughout your treatment journey

myBeOneSupport[®] can pair you with a dedicated Oncology Nurse Advocate. They can provide personalized support for eligible patients and caregivers throughout treatment with TEVIMBRA.

Additional services include:



Simplifying access



Educating patients and caregivers about treatment and disease



Connecting patients to independent organizations* that may be able to assist with day-to-day living support

*Independent, third-party organizations have their own rules for eligibility. BeOne Medicines has no involvement in their decision-making or eligibility criteria. This information is nonexhaustive and not meant as an endorsement from BeOne Medicines.

myBeOneSupport[®]

For any questions, or to help you get started, call **1-833-234-4363**, Monday through Friday, 8 AM–8 PM ET, to speak with an Oncology Nurse Advocate. You can also visit myBeOneSupport.com.

myBeOneSupport[®] is not insurance and does not guarantee product coverage or reimbursement.

Please see [Important Safety Information](#) on pages 17-18 and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION



TEVIMBRA works with your immune system. It can cause your immune system to attack normal organs and tissues in any area of your body and can affect the way they work. These problems can sometimes become severe or life-threatening and can lead to death. You can have more than one of these problems at the same time. These problems may happen anytime during treatment or even after your treatment has ended.

What signs and symptoms of immune system problems can happen with TEVIMBRA?

Contact your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening symptoms including:

- Lung problems: New or worsening cough, shortness of breath, and chest pain.
- Intestinal problems: Diarrhea or more bowel movements than usual; stools that are black, tarry, sticky, or have blood or mucus; and severe stomach-area pain or tenderness.
- Liver problems: Yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes; severe nausea or vomiting; pain on the right side of your stomach area; dark urine; and bleeding or bruising more easily than normal.
- Hormone gland problems: Headaches that will not go away or unusual headaches; eye sensitivity to light; eye problems; rapid heartbeat; increased sweating; extreme tiredness; weight gain or weight loss; feeling more hungry or thirsty than usual; urinating more often than usual; hair loss; feeling cold; constipation; voice gets deeper; dizziness or fainting; and changes in mood or behavior, such as decreased sex drive, irritability, or forgetfulness.
- Kidney problems: Decrease in your amount of urine, blood in your urine, swelling in your ankles, and loss of appetite.
- Skin problems: Rash; itching; skin blistering or peeling; painful sores or ulcers in your mouth or nose, throat, or genital area; fever or flu-like symptoms; and swollen lymph nodes.

Problems can also happen in other organs and tissues. These are not all of the signs and symptoms of immune system problems that can happen with TEVIMBRA. Contact your healthcare provider right away if you have any new or worsening signs or symptoms which may include chest pain, irregular heartbeat, shortness of breath, swelling of ankles; confusion, sleepiness, memory problems, changes in mood or behavior, stiff neck, balance problems, tingling or numbness of the arms or legs; double vision, blurry vision, sensitivity to light, eye pain, changes in eyesight; persistent or severe muscle pain or weakness, muscle cramps; low red blood cells, bruising.

What problems can occur during infusion?

Infusion reactions can sometimes be severe or life-threatening. Signs or symptoms of infusion reactions may include chills or shaking, itching or rash, flushing, shortness of breath or wheezing, dizziness, feeling like passing out, fever, or back or neck pain.

Please see additional [Important Safety Information](#) on the following page and [Medication Guide](#) for TEVIMBRA.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)



What if I have a transplanted organ or tissue; or bone marrow transplant?

Rejection of a transplanted organ or tissue. Your healthcare provider should tell you what signs and symptoms you should report and monitor you, depending on the type of organ or tissue transplant that you have had. There may be complications, including graft-versus-host-disease (GVHD), in people who have received a bone marrow (stem cell) transplant that uses donor stem cells. These complications can be serious and can lead to death. These complications may happen if you underwent transplantation either before or after being treated with TEVIMBRA. Your healthcare provider will monitor you for these complications.

Getting medical treatment right away may help keep these problems from becoming more serious. Your healthcare provider will check you for these problems during your treatment with TEVIMBRA. Your healthcare provider may treat you with corticosteroid or hormone replacement medicines, or may delay or completely stop treatment with TEVIMBRA if you have severe side effects.

Before receiving TEVIMBRA, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you have immune system problems; received an organ or tissue transplant; received or plan to receive a stem cell transplant that uses donor stem cells (allogeneic); received radiation treatment to your chest area; or a condition that affects your nervous system, such as myasthenia gravis or Guillain-Barré syndrome; or are pregnant, plan to become pregnant, or are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

Can I take TEVIMBRA while pregnant or breastfeeding?

TEVIMBRA can harm your unborn baby. If you are a female who can become pregnant, your healthcare provider will do a pregnancy test before you start treatment with TEVIMBRA. Use effective birth control during treatment and for 4 months after your last dose. Do not breastfeed during treatment and for 4 months after your last dose. Talk to your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant or think you may be pregnant during treatment with TEVIMBRA.

The most common side effects of TEVIMBRA when used in combination with platinum-containing chemotherapy include decreased white blood cell count; decreased salt (sodium) in your blood; increased glucose in your blood; decreased red blood cell count (anemia); tiredness; decreased appetite; increase in certain liver blood tests; decreased potassium in your blood; increase in certain kidney blood tests; decreased calcium in your blood; diarrhea; mouth sores; and vomiting.

These are not all the possible side effects of TEVIMBRA. Contact your healthcare provider for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to BeOne Medicines at 1-877-828-5596 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

Please see additional **Important Safety Information** on the previous page and **Medication Guide** for TEVIMBRA.

Visit TEVIMBRA.com
to learn more

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Actor portrayals.